THE WEATHER.

OKLAHOMA-Saturday and Sun-day unsettled. TULSA, July 28.—Temperature: Maximum 163, minimum 75: south winds and clear. Trace of rain.



PROSPERITY TALK The secretary of the Chamber of Commerce sesterday received letters from California, Italiana West Virginia, New York, Texas and Massachusette asking for information about Tulsa.

VOL. XI, NO. 272

TULSA, OKLAHOMA, SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1916

THIRTY PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

GERMANS YIELD BEFORE ALLIES ON ALL FRONTS

British Soldiers Make Additional Progress in Somme Fighting.

SLAVS PUSHING ON TOWARDS STANISLAU

French Stop Teuton Attempts to Advance at Vermandovillers.

the central powers on all European fields. On the western front the were enacted at the special session British troops have made additional are recalled, every just and fair- waters was asked of the American progress on the hard-fought Somme

battle ground.

Russian forces on the eastern front continue their successful drives against the Austro-German lines. With Brody in their hands the Russians report little or no activity in northern Galicia. In southern Galicia, however, the Muscovite armies are pushing forward toward Stanislau, an important railroad center which is not far from Halicz, also a railroad center.

which is not lar from Hailes, also a railroad center.

The capture of Brody and the retreat of the Austrian army is equaled if not surpassed by the Russian successes west and northwest of Lutsk. This advance, if unchecked by Gentral Programmers and the surpasses were always threat the surpasses are recorded by the captures. eral von Linsingen, seriously threat-ens Vladimir-Volynski and makes the railroad junction of Kovel less tenable for the Austro-Germans.

Say Advance Stopped. While admitting the Russian pene tration of the Teutonic lines north-west of Lutsk, Berlin declares that the advance west of Lutsk has been

the advance west of Lutsk has been stopped by counter-attacks.

Petrograd claims the capture of more than twenty thousand Austro-Germans in the recent fighting in northern Galicia and Volhynia. According to estimates of Russian army officials the number of prisoners taken in the first half of the present campaign by the Russians totals 350,000. The same authorities estimate the Austro-German losses in-350,000. The same authorities esti-mate the Austro-German losses in-cluding killed and wounded at eight hundred thousand. North of the Somme in France,

the British have gained some ground in the vicinity of Pozieres and the high wood. The British have beaten high wood. The British have beaten off German attacks against Delville wood and the French have stopped German attempts to advance at Vermandovillers, south of the Somme. Berlin reports little activity on this front with the exception of the failure of British attacks in the vicinity placed on the payroll of the Tulsa

Meuse have been repulsed. Paris asserts. French troops continue their advance near the Thiaumont work on the right bank of the river.

There has been no great change on the Austro-Italian front nor on the Saloniki front, where the Serbian troops began an offensive several days ago. Sofia claims the Bulgarians stopped Serbian attacks, while the Serbians claim to have imposed heavy losses on the Bulgarians. In the Caucasus the Russian advance against Kharput and Sivas, the

Condon Should Be the Tulsa Nominees.

Eugene Lorton, editor of the World, yesterday issued the following state-ment with reference to the nomina-tion of two Republican candidates for the state legislature from this county: "On the state ballot that will be given each votor next Tuesday will appear the names of five candidates for state representative from Tulsa county. I had understood that all but two of there had withdrawn from the race, and am unable to explain why their names still appear on the ballot. I believe it to be to the host interest. I believe it to be to the best interest of the Republican party and the coun-ty as a whole, to nominate Flarry H. Royers and Glenn Condon for the places. They are well known and wi Royers and Glenn Condon for these places. They are well known and will make strong candidates. They will greatly help the entire ticket and both of them will be elected, if nominated, as they will receive almost as many Democratic votes as Republican votes. I trust that the Republicans of the ounty will keep this in mind and ominate these two men at the coming primary election."

A Countless Catch.

George (to Tom, fishing)—"How
many have you caught?"

Tom (airily)—"Oh, I couldn't count
'em,"

George (peering into can)—"Why,
you haven't caught any at al."

Tom—"That's why I cen't count
'em."

DO NOT FORGET TO SCRATCH.

\$75,660 to hold the special session of the legislature to enact the literacy test law which is to be ratified, if it is ratified, not by the voters of the state voting, but by those not voting, either through oversight, indifference or ignorance. And yet the framers of this law have the nerve to designate it as a "literacy test" law. On a straight out yes and no

vote it would be overwhelmingly rejected. But this is not the only niquitous law the special session enacted. It is gratifying to know that not all the Democrats of the state were in favor of the extra session and the things it did. We recall that Senator Robert L. Davidson of Tuisa county told the governor in a letter previous to the calling of the extra ession what would happen and opposed the move. After the session was over his letter seemed like a prophecy. If there were no other reason for opposing the literacy test law except the manner in which it is sought to have it sneaked through, A RMIES of the entente allies con-that would be sufficient for all pairt-otic citizens to give it a swat. But that would be sufficient for all patriwhen the other vicious laws which Under the specious plea for literacy

> The claim that the literacy test law is intended to prevent negro domination in Oklahoma is the same old CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

WILL LIE IN WAIT FOR SPEED DEMONS

Commissioner Funk Places

Official Declares Whole Police Department Will Arrest Speeders.

Fighting also continues around structions in person from Police Com-the right and left banks of the missioner A. L. Funk to arrest every also continues around police department and received inviolator of the traffic law, no matter Explosion in Building of

the Austro-Italian front has seen the Saloniki front, where the Serbian troops began an offensive soveral days ago. Sofia claims the Bulgarians stopped Serbian attacks, while the Serbians claim to have imposed heavy losses on the Bulgarians. In the Caucasis the Russian advance against Kharput and Sivas, the present objectives of Grand Duke supported in my fight against these apported in my fight against these supported in my fight against the early this morning, according to Charles Terv. sheirff of Lawrence county, who completed an examination of the partially wrecked building the automobile drivers which has no regard whatever for the law, the lives morthly of the people of Tulsa are being end and been used.

The people of Tulsa are being end and been used.

We are going to set them. The order of the automobile drivers which has no regard whatever for the law, the lives morthly of Lawrence county, who completed an examination of the partially wrecked building this afternoon. Sheriff Terry declared he had found no particles of ficial Through Charities amall per cent of the automobile drivers were found. The world with each of the county who completed an examination of the partially wrecked building this afternoon. Sheriff Terry declared he had found no particles of ficial Through Charities.

We are going to set them. The order of the automobile drivers were found. The county of the people of the people in the effort to were the partially wrecked

fice as commissioner, Mr. Funk has off the press CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

Free Band Concert Today

3 p.m. to 5 p.m.

OWEN PARK Prothero's Band

Auspices Municipal Park Board

WON'T PROTECT

Request for Special Patrol Denied as Boat Is Held Merchant.

BELIEF THAT SUB WILL LEAVE TODAY

Officials Are Made Aware of Impending Departure of U-Boat.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Special protection for the German mershe startr out of American territoria minded citizen must be consumed government lafe today with the intiwith a feeling of resentment at the mattion that the boat would leave Democratic machine in this state. Paltimore some time tomorrow. After conference: between state, treasury conference: between state, treasury and naval department officials, it was the illiterate and indifferent voters ruled that no extraordinary precautions could be ordered, because the United States views the Deutschland as an ordinary merchantman.

officials, with the ostensible pur pose of avoiding any breach of neu-trality, withheld all information which might be of value to the watching allied cruisers, but it was understood that the government was made aware of the impending departure of the Deutschland.

It is understood that the applicaion for protection was made brough the collector of customs at izltimore and that Captain Koenig, he submarine commander, desired a coest guard cutter or naval vessel to cefort him down Chesapeake bay and to the three-mile limit. Unless steps are taken to prevent it.

Unless steps are taken to prevent it, the submarine probably will be followed out by a fleet of small craft carrying aewspaper correspondents, photographers and sightseers. It is said too that the Germans fear some British merchant ahip might go to sea in the wase of the Deutschland, advertising her presence to the altied cruisers waiting off the Virginia capes or even attempting to ram her as soon as she left American territorial waters.

Officials of the state department

officials of the state department beld that while American neutrality must be fully sufeguarded, it will be a tad precedent for the government to convoy or accord any other unusual attention to a vessel which can be rated only as a merchantman.

DYNAMITE WRECKS PLANT OF MENACE

Anti-Catholic Paper Puzzles Officers.

UNITED STATES WHY PARKINSON IS BRITON ALLIES MAN FOR POSITION

R. W. Kellough Issues Statement Urging Nomination of Lawtonite.

T HAT Frank A. Parkinson of Law-ton, Okla,, is one of Oklahoma's biggest and most talented men and excellent material for the gubernato rial race two years hence, is the state ment of R. W. Kellough of Tulsa, chairman of the Republican congre sional committee in the First dis-trict. Mr. Kellough yesterday came out in unequivocal terms in favor of Mr Parkinson for the nomination for corporation commissioner on the Re-publican ticket. His signed statement follows:

Frank A. Parkinson of Law-ton, Okla., is a candidate for the Republican nomination for corpo-ration commissioner for the long

term.

No man has ever been a candiJate for this effice who is more
able, more capable or better
qualified to fulfill the obligations
thereof and discharge its duties
than Mr. Parkinson. He is one
of Oklahoma's most able men and
no one has a more thorough
knowledge of the affairs of the
state or is better fitted to discharge the duties of any office
than Mr. Parkinson.

He is a thorough believer if
the principles of the Republican
party and has always been an active supporter and worker for term.

party and has always been an active supporter and worker for those principles, but he does not condemn or abuse people who differ from him in their political beliefs, and he believes that the great majority of voters of Oklahoma, Republican, Democratic and Socialist, all desire fair and impartial laws and fair and impartial enforcement of the same. If Mr. Farkinson is nominated by a member of the corporation commission all people of whatever

a member of the corporation commission all people of whatever political faith can rest assured that the duties of that office will be faithfully, honestly and impartially performed, and the rights of all who come within the commission's jurisdiction will be honestly and fairly protected.

If r. Parkinson is nominated by the kepublicans for this office his wide acquaintance throughout the state and his well known qualifications of ability, honestly, integrity and fairness will attract to him not only the Republican voters, but all fairpublican voters, but all fair-minded Democrats and Socialists who desire a change of adminis-tration, or who believe that such a commission as the corporation commission with its power au-thority and varied interests, should not be composed entire-ly of members of one political

BACKHER STAND ON BLACKLIST

Russia, France and Italy Must Be Consulted for Answer to Note,

WON'T GO BEYOND NAMED PRINCIPLES

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice Makes Explanation to State Department.

Special to The World

WASHINGTON, July 29.—France Italy and Russia are already standing behind the British trade blacklist of American firms, it was learned today. This means that Great Britain can make no complete answer to the American note of protest until there has been time to confer with her allies and obtain their consent to conessions, if concessions are to be made.

The presumption that this consent would be obtained easily is not justified, for the present understanding is that they are not merely passive allies of Great Britain in the blacklist pro gram, but were active in their insistance that Great Britain follow the same policy which they had already put into practice.

It has been something of a shock to several members of the administration to learn that French has long had in effect a trading with the enemy act of a more sweeping nature than Britain's, although the lesser trade of France made it less generally noticeable.

Literacy Test and 12-A Amendment Have Been

Note Sent to Page.

Note Sent to Page.

Meantime the note of protest has gone to Ambassador Page, for presentition to the British foreign office. Announcement was made this morning by Acting Secretary of State Polk, who declined to say what the note contained and remarked that the text will be made public in a few days when it is certain the note has reached the British government. The note, it is thought, holds that the blacklist is not in conformity either with international law or with international morals and makes an argument on a basis of morals rather than exclusively on law.

Wants Britain on Record.

ficial Through Charities

No wires that might have connected the charge of dynamtic with electrical batteries were found. The catteries apparently are without the building commany plant and set the building commany plant and set the building to easily the feet of the press.

Fir. Quickly Extinguished.

The explosion selfithy damaged the building commany plant and set the second form of the building in the press.

Fir. Quickly Extinguished.

The explosion selfith damaged the substitution of the press.

Fir. Quickly Extinguished.

The explosion selfit fire to the papers fresh from the feider, but it was only the press of the second form of the building by way of channels which had been cut for the laying of heating pipes and electric wiring.

John Ray, night watchman, was called to the second floor of the building to wall the second floor of the building the was on the second floor when the explosion occurred and hastily left the building to call the fire department.

Functor Through Charities.

Commission.

Commission.

Schlief of Police Nicholar deep and electric wiring and corrections. Chief of Police Nicholar deep and close of the second floor of the building to was of channels which had been cut for the building the was on the second floor of the building the was on the second floor when the explosion occurred and hastily left the building to call the fire department.

Functor Through Charities.

Commission.

Commission.

Regarding payments to blacklasted firms the British graws to blacklasted firms the British action was declared on the Substitute of Police Nicholar and Control of the Substitute of Through the payment of the Substitute of the Control of the Substitute of

AS TO THE BOND ISSUE,

At the primaries next Tuesday west of the city and to build a new juestion in Tulsa will be permanent y solved. A portion of the water sends will be used to lay additiona mains in different parts of the city.

The World has aiready gone on record as opposing any more bond issue n Toba except for just such pur poses. We think it goes without saying that an additional fire station P percentity. Tulsa has grown so rapidly the last year that a new fire station in the south part of the city is ecessive to afford the proper fire protection. It is impossible for the resent equipment to protect the ousness section of the city if a fire should break out in the remote restfence district lying south and south-

The disposition of the garbage of the city can only be solved by im proved and up-to-date methods. The present incinerator in addition to beof the city, is inadequate to care for ity of taking care of its own garbage will be relieved of the monthly cost which every business house and restdence has been compelled to pay in the past for unsatisfactory service, and if preperly handled will save CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

FIRE LAST GUN IN G. O. P. CAMPAIGN

Attack Points.

HARMONY IN RANKS

I want to call your attention to the fact that Tulsa must have an incinerator for the cremation of the refuse and garbage of the city. The present one is misatis-factory inadequate and a menace community and must be condemned.

condemned.

On August 1 an election has been called for bonds, and among the proposals is \$35,000 for an inclnerator, and it behoves us as cilizens to support this base.

The burning of this material is the only method by which this refuse can be disposed of satisfactorily, and with the building of a new medern up-to-date inclnerator our trouble of garlage asposal will be at an end for years to come.

The commission is now ready

The commission is now ready to take over the collection of the garbage and relieve the house-holder the 50 cents per month collection fee and collect all par-bage nore often and with more

bage more often and with more regularity.

I consider this one of the most important civic measures, for it will be one of the greatest health problems solved. Why not help make Tulsa a healthler, cleaner and more sanitary city and potent the lives of its citizens? A few dollars invested now will save many lives, sickness and expensive medical and borial bills.

bills.

Don't forget this item when you vote it is important! Make it your husiness to help the health department do better work Give us a place to dispense of the refuse of the city. This is an emergency measure! Respectfully, S. De Zeil Hawtey, superintendent health department.

PRIZE APPAM fire station in the south part of the city, to install an incinerating plant settling basin and a system of filtra-tion whereby it is claimed the water GERMAN HANDS

Steamer Brought Into Hampton Roads Awarded to English Owners.

JUDGE WADDILL MAKES DECISION

Teutons Lost Rights Upon Bringing Vessel Into Neutral Waters.

NORFOLK, Va., July 29.—Posses sion of the British liner Appam. brought into Hampton Roads last February by a German prize crew, was awarded today to her English owners, the African Steam Navigation comthe situation. The new plan of the pany, by Judge Waddill of the federal district court. An appeal will be will be a saving to the people, who taken when the opportunity is given next Wednesday and the final decision in the libel proceedings probably will be given by the supreme court.

In the meantime the Appam will stay at Newport News in the custody of the United States marshal or will be turned over to her owners under bond. Her cargo has been sold for \$634,000 and the money is being held by the court.

What is to become of Lieutenant Berg, the prize commander, and his crew of 22 men, must be determined by the state department. The general belief ore is that they will be interned.

Lost Its Status.

Lost Its Status.

Judge Waddill's decision held that the Appam lost her status as a prize when she entered American territorial waters to remain indefinitely. He rejected the German contention that the Prussian-American treaty of 1799 permitted German prizes to be tied up in American waters and held that prizes could be brought only by a war vessel acting as convoy and then only for the temporary causes recognized by international law. An opinion given by Secretary Lansing to the German ambassador to the same effect was quoted.

Thousands of Mr. Partiment's control of the blacklist is not in conformity either pressing him to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor two years hence, know.

Wants British on Record.

I to that streat office, and the will give the state of south as a yet governed in Oklahoma.

I respectfully suggest that all was pot intologies are all the performance of existing control.

ARREST POLICE CHIEF IN CAPITAL SCANDAI IN CAPITAL SCANDAI ARRAYTS ISSUED AT ORIA.

WARRAYTS ISSUED AT ORIA.

WARRAYTS ISSUED AT ORIA.

Mrs. Mamie Updegraff Procedures of ficial Through Charities

Official Through Charities

Commission.

Special to The World.

ORALAHOMA CITY To the Commission.

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ORALAHOMA CITY To the Commission.

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Special to The World.

Special to The World.

ORALAHOMA CITY To the Commission.

Special to The World.

Special to The Worl

Dire; and it will be so ordered.

Needed a Convoy.

The court also held that a prixe vessel cannot legally be brought into neutral waters without a curvoy. The Appain was brought in under her own steam after capture by the German raider Moewe last January 17.

Extended reference was made in the decision to diplomatic exchanges between Count Von Fernstorff and Secretary Laming regarding the status of the Appain, in which the excretary declared that neither the Prussia treaty of 1793, nor The Hague treaty of 1793, nor The Hague treaty of 1997 applied in the case so as to give the prize crew the right to retain possession of the vessel in neutral waters indefinitely.

The court disposed of The Hague treaty briefly, holding that it was not applicable, imasmuch as Great Britten never accepted it, but pointed out that the attitude of the American delegates to the convention was flown by their rejection of article 12, which would have guaranteed a prize vessel asylum in neutral waters. The Prussian treaty, however, was given much attention by the court.

The history of the adoption of this treaty with Prussia, the decision read, "the conditions that brought about the same and the contemporancous opinions of the eminent states-men of that day who participated in the procurement and acceptance by

men of that day who participated in I a procurement and acceptance by the two countries has been gone into fully in the effort to show that it was meant to give asylum to prizes in heutral waters, and that its particu-ful purpose was to afford the United States an asylum for their prizes in

Brussian waters. "Whatever may have been the view of those representing this country at that time it seems clear to the court that time it seems clear to the court that no such enlarged and far-reaching view of the treaty as is now claimed for it can for a moment be entertained at this day in the light of the present methods of warfare and the laws rules and regulations affecting the neutrality of nations in existence now for nearly a hundred years."